

KLAAS MULLER

N I C O L A A S V A N V E E R E N D A E L

Still Life with Flowers in a glass Vase

The present work is a refined example of the highly popular floral still life that flourished in the seventeenth century Low Countries and remained popular in both the Dutch Republic and the Spanish Netherlands. On a stone ledge a small round vase is placed against a dark background. Amongst the colourful array of flowers, two pink roses and a red and white tulip stand out. At the time of the painting's execution, the extraordinary high prices for the tulip bulbs, creating the first speculative bubble, better known as the 'tulip mania' had long passed. However, the flower remained highly sought after. Amidst the floral splendour, we see various insects flying or crawling amongst the flowers, referring to the lurking possible decay of the bouquet.

There are no records of the Antwerp artist Nicolaes van Veerendael sojourning abroad or working in different European cities other than his birthplace. Trained by his father, Willem van Veerendael, Nicolaes joined the Guild of St Luke in 1657. Mostly known and appreciated for his flower still lifes, the artist painted allegorical scenes with monkeys in the style of Jan Brueghel I and David Teniers II as well. In his early career, Veerendael's flower arrangements are smaller in size and represent elegant flower bouquets in vases. Collaborating with artists such as Erasmus Quellinus and Jan Davidsz. De Heem, the latter in particular was especially influential in Veerendael's later works. From 1670 onwards, insects and elements of vanities are included in the artist's compositions, reminiscent of the works of De Heem. The present painting is a fine example of this development.

We are grateful to Fred Meijer for confirming the attribution of the present painting, he dates the work in the first half of the 1670s.

Oil on Canvas, 45 x 36,5 cm



Artist description:

Nicolaes van Veerendael was a Flemish painter active in Antwerp who is mainly known for his flower paintings and vanitas still lifes. He was a frequent collaborator of other Antwerp artists to whose compositions he added the still life elements. He also painted a number of singeries, i.e., scenes with monkeys dressed and acting as humans.

Van Veerendael mainly painted flower pieces, vanitas still lifes and a few allegorical scenes with monkeys. His dated works are from the period between 1659 and 1690. He was highly regarded from an early age. He was in demand as a collaborator working with some of the leading Antwerp painters such as David Teniers the Younger, Gonzales Coques, Erasmus Quellinus II, Jan Boeckhorst, Carstian Luyckx and Jan Davidsz. de Heem. Veerendael is known to have collaborated with other artists on works that expanded on the pure flower still lifes of his particular expertise.